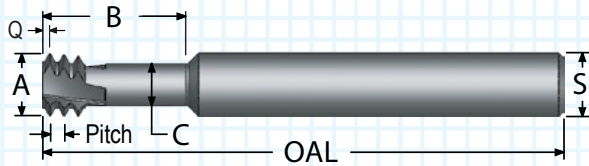


# UN THREAD MILLS

## LONG REACH (TMLR) - SOLID CARBIDE

### FULL PROFILE



- Small thread milling is made easy with TMLR tools
- Economical cost per hole
- Minimal cutting pressure
- ALTiN+ coating for higher Surface Feet per Minute

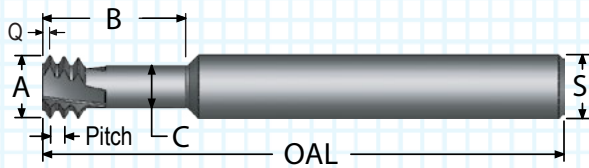
MIN ID THREAD /PITCH*	"A" TOOL DIA.	"B" LENGTH OF CUT	"C" NECK DIA.	"Q" LENGTH	"S" SHANK DIA.	OAL	FLUTES	ORDER #	
								UNCOATED	ALTiN+
								INTERNAL THREADS ONLY	
2-56	0.065	0.150	0.039	0.009	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR065-56	TMLR065-56A
2-56	0.065	0.200	0.039	0.009	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR065-56EL	TMLR065-56ELA
4-40	0.082	0.225	0.046	0.013	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR082-40	TMLR082-40A
4-40	0.082	0.300	0.046	0.013	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR082-40EL	TMLR082-40ELA
6-32	0.100	0.260	0.056	0.016	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR100-32	TMLR100-32A
6-32	0.100	0.400	0.056	0.016	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR100-32EL	TMLR100-32ELA
6-40	0.100	0.260	0.065	0.013	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR100-40	TMLR100-40A
6-40	0.100	0.400	0.065	0.013	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR100-40EL	TMLR100-40ELA
8-32	0.126	0.300	0.080	0.016	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR126-32	TMLR126-32A
8-32	0.126	0.500	0.080	0.016	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR126-32EL	TMLR126-32ELA
8-36	0.126	0.300	0.085	0.014	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR126-36	TMLR126-36A
8-36	0.126	0.500	0.085	0.014	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR126-36EL	TMLR126-36ELA
10-24	0.139	0.400	0.080	0.021	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR139-24	TMLR139-24A
10-24	0.139	0.600	0.080	0.021	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR139-24EL	TMLR139-24ELA
10-32	0.139	0.400	0.093	0.016	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR139-32	TMLR139-32A
10-32	0.139	0.600	0.093	0.016	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR139-32EL	TMLR139-32ELA
10-48	0.139	0.400	0.106	0.010	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR139-48	TMLR139-48A
10-48	0.139	0.600	0.106	0.010	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR139-48EL	TMLR139-48ELA
1/4-20	0.186	0.500	0.112	0.025	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR186-20	TMLR186-20A
1/4-20	0.186	0.700	0.112	0.025	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR186-20EL	TMLR186-20ELA
1/4-28	0.186	0.500	0.130	0.018	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR186-28	TMLR186-28A
1/4-28	0.186	0.700	0.130	0.018	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR186-28EL	TMLR186-28ELA
1/4-32	0.186	0.500	0.140	0.016	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR186-32	TMLR186-32A
1/4-32	0.186	0.700	0.140	0.016	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR186-32EL	TMLR186-32ELA
5/16-18	0.234	0.600	0.156	0.028	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR234-18	TMLR234-18A
5/16-18	0.234	0.850	0.156	0.028	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR234-18EL	TMLR234-18ELA
5/16-24	0.234	0.600	0.176	0.021	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR234-24	TMLR234-24A
5/16-24	0.234	0.850	0.176	0.021	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR234-24EL	TMLR234-24ELA
5/16-28	0.234	0.600	0.180	0.018	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR234-28	TMLR234-28A
5/16-28	0.234	0.850	0.180	0.018	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR234-28EL	TMLR234-28ELA
5/16-32	0.234	0.600	0.188	0.016	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR234-32	TMLR234-32A
5/16-32	0.234	0.850	0.188	0.016	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR234-32EL	TMLR234-32ELA
5/16-40	0.234	0.600	0.194	0.013	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR234-40	TMLR234-40A
5/16-40	0.234	0.850	0.194	0.013	0.250	2.50	3	TMLR234-40EL	TMLR234-40ELA

\*Thread mills can cut any larger size internal thread of the same pitch

# UN THREAD MILLS

## LONG REACH (TMLR) - SOLID CARBIDE

### FULL PROFILE



- Cuts UNC, UNF, UNEF, and UNS threads
- Cuts UNJ threads (internal only)
- Excels in difficult-to-thread materials
- ALTiN+ coating extends tool life

MIN ID THREAD /PITCH *	"A" TOOL DIA.	"B" LENGTH OF CUT	"C" NECK DIA.	"Q" LENGTH	"S" SHANK DIA.	OAL	FLUTES	ORDER #	
								UNCOATED	ALTiN+
								INTERNAL THREADS ONLY	
3/8-16	0.285	0.750	0.191	0.031	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR285-16	TMLR285-16A
3/8-16	0.285	1.000	0.191	0.031	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR285-16EL	TMLR285-16ELA
3/8-24	0.285	0.750	0.222	0.021	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR285-24	TMLR285-24A
3/8-24	0.285	1.000	0.222	0.021	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR285-24EL	TMLR285-24ELA
3/8-32	0.285	0.750	0.235	0.016	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR285-32	TMLR285-32A
3/8-32	0.285	1.000	0.235	0.016	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR285-32EL	TMLR285-32ELA
7/16-14	0.340	0.800	0.235	0.036	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR340-14	TMLR340-14A
7/16-14	0.340	1.200	0.235	0.036	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR340-14EL	TMLR340-14ELA
7/16-18	0.340	0.800	0.258	0.028	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR340-18	TMLR340-18A
7/16-18	0.340	1.200	0.258	0.028	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR340-18EL	TMLR340-18ELA
7/16-20	0.340	0.800	0.265	0.025	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR340-20	TMLR340-20A
7/16-20	0.340	1.200	0.265	0.025	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR340-20EL	TMLR340-20ELA
1/2-12	0.370	0.800	0.245	0.042	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR370-12	TMLR370-12A
1/2-12	0.370	1.200	0.245	0.042	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR370-12EL	TMLR370-12ELA
1/2-13	0.370	0.800	0.255	0.038	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR370-13	TMLR370-13A
1/2-13	0.370	1.200	0.255	0.038	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR370-13EL	TMLR370-13ELA
1/2-18	0.370	0.800	0.287	0.028	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR370-18	TMLR370-18A
1/2-18	0.370	1.200	0.287	0.028	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR370-18EL	TMLR370-18ELA
1/2-20	0.370	0.800	0.295	0.025	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR370-20	TMLR370-20A
1/2-20	0.370	1.200	0.295	0.025	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR370-20EL	TMLR370-20ELA
1/2-32	0.370	0.800	0.315	0.016	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR370-32	TMLR370-32A
1/2-32	0.370	1.200	0.315	0.016	0.375	3.50	3	TMLR370-32EL	TMLR370-32ELA
5/8-11	0.470	1.200	0.335	0.045	0.500	4.00	4	TMLR470-11	TMLR470-11A
5/8-11	0.470	1.750	0.335	0.045	0.500	4.00	4	TMLR470-11EL	TMLR470-11ELA
3/4-10	0.495	1.200	0.345	0.050	0.500	4.00	4	TMLR495-10	TMLR495-10A
3/4-10	0.495	1.750	0.345	0.050	0.500	4.00	4	TMLR495-10EL	TMLR495-10ELA
3/4-12	0.495	1.200	0.370	0.042	0.500	4.00	4	TMLR495-12	TMLR495-12A
3/4-12	0.495	1.750	0.370	0.042	0.500	4.00	4	TMLR495-12EL	TMLR495-12ELA
3/4-16	0.495	1.200	0.395	0.031	0.500	4.00	4	TMLR495-16	TMLR495-16A
3/4-16	0.495	1.750	0.395	0.031	0.500	4.00	4	TMLR495-16EL	TMLR495-16ELA

\*Thread mills can cut any larger size internal thread of the same pitch

# THREAD MILL FEED AND SPEED CHART

MATERIAL	HB/Rc	SPEED SFM* UNCOATED	SPEED SFM ALTiN+	FEED ( INCHES PER TOOTH)					
				TOOL DIAMETER					
				.032 - .056	.059 - .090	.100 - .190	.200 - .350	.370 - .595	.600+
CAST IRON	160 HB	100-220	200-425	.0004-.001	.0004-.0008	.0004-.0014	.0004-.002	.0004-.0035	.0004-.006
CARBON STEEL	18 Rc	100-200	190-425	.0003-.001	.0003-.0008	.0003-.0014	.0003-.002	.0003-.005	.0003-.006
ALLOY STEEL	20 Rc	80-200	200-375	.0003-.001 2 Passes	.0003-.0008 3 Passes	.0003-.0014	.0003-.0024	.0003-.005	.0003-.006
TOOL STEEL	20 Rc	80-175	175-250	.0003-.0004 2 Passes	.0003-0.0005 3 Passes	.0003-.0005	.0003-.0009	.0003-.0026	.0003-.004
300 STAINLESS STEEL	150 HB	90-120	120-255	.0003-.0005 2 Passes	.0003-0.0006 3 Passes	.0003-.0007	.0003-.002	.0003-.0035	.0003-.0045
400 STAINLESS STEEL	195 HB	90-150	140-375	.0003-.0005 2 Passes	.0003-.0006 3 Passes	.0003-.0007	.0003-.002	.0003-.0026	.0003-.0045
HIGH TEMP ALLOY (Ni & Co BASE)	20 Rc	50-125	100-125	.0003-.0004 3 Passes	.0003-.00045 3 Passes	.0003-.0005 2 Passes	.0003-.0009	.0003-.0026	.0003-.004
TITANIUM	25 Rc	50-130	100-170	.0003-.0004 3 Passes	.0003-.00045 3 Passes	.0003-.001 2 Passes	.0003-.0009	.0003-.0015	.0003-.003
HEAT TREATED ALLOYS (38-45Rc)	40 Rc	50-90	90-150	.0003-.0004 3 Passes	.0003-.00045 3 Passes	.0003-.0005 2 Passes	.0003-.0008	.0003-.001	.0003-.0025
ALUMINUM	100 HB	100-800	100-1200	.0005-.0015	.0005-.002	.0005-.0025	.0005-.003	.0005-.006	.0005-.009
BRASS, ZINC	80 HB	200-350	200-750	.0005-.0015	.0005-.002	.0005-.0025	.0005-.003	.0005-.006	.0005-.009

\*SFM = Surface Feet per Minute

**Parameters are a starting point based on machinability rating at hardness listed. Check machinability rating of the material to be machined and adjust accordingly.**

# THREAD MILL FEED AND SPEED APPLICATION



**It may be necessary to use more radial depth passes than shown on the chart (p.40) when cutting an unfavorable length-to-diameter ratio, coarse pitches, or hard materials.** When cutting a thread with two passes, cut approximately **65% of the thread on the first pass and 35 percent on the finish pass.** For three passes, use a **50/30/20** ratio. For four passes, use a **40/27/20/13** ratio. The idea is to equalize the side cutting pressure.

Thread mills can sometimes be used to cut multiple start threads. Call engineering for assistance.

Thread mills can be cut off for shorter thread depths or necked back for deeper thread depths. Call for price and delivery.

In order to apply the Feed and Speed chart appropriately, it is necessary to understand that machining centers will apply the feed rate at the centerline of the spindle. It is correct to use a normal calculation and the following Feed & Speed Chart when cutting in a straight line; however, it is incorrect when cutting an internal thread. Therefore, the feed rate must be recalculated.

*The following is an example of how to apply the feed rate correctly:*

The tool is a TM290-24A cutting a 3/8-24 thread in stainless steel.

The outside diameter of the tool is 0.290.

The surface foot per minute (SFM) is 150.

The chip per tooth is 0.001. The tool has four flutes.

The revolutions per minute (RPM) equal the SFM x 3.82 divided by the outside diameter of the tool.

In this example:  **$(150 \times 3.82) / 0.290$** , which equals 1975 RPM.

The RPM x feed (chip per tooth) x the number of flutes equals the Non-Adjusted Feed Rate or NAFR.

In this example:  **$1975 \times 0.001 \times 4 = 7.9$  NAFR**

The major diameter of the thread is 0.375. We will call this D.

The outside diameter of the tool is 0.290. We will call this d.

We will call the Adjusted Feed Rate the AFR.

The formula for the AFR for internal interpolation is  **$AFR = NAFR \times (D-d) \div D$**

In this example:  **$AFR = 7.9 \times (0.375 - 0.290) \div 0.375$**

Therefore, the Adjusted Feed Rate equals 1.79. This is the feed rate that will equal 0.001 chip per tooth in the above example. This is the feed rate that must be used in the CNC program.

# THREAD MILL TROUBLESHOOTING

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
TAPERED THREADED HOLE	TOOL PRESSURE	Reduce the chip load and/or make more radial passes.
NO-GO GAGE GOES & GO GAGE DOES NOT GO	THREAD OVERCUTTING	Use a tool of smaller diameter with correct pitch. Make sure helical "ramp in" is used.
TEETH ARE CHIPPING	TOOL PRESSURE	Reduce feed rate per tooth.
	BUILT-UP EDGE	Use a coated tool to help reduce built-up edge.
RAPID WEAR	TOOL RUBBING NOT CUTTING	Increase chip load per tooth.
TEETH ARE BURNING	TOO MUCH HEAT	Reduce speed. Use a coated tool. Increase coolant.
TOOL BREAKS	TOO MUCH TOOL PRESSURE	Helical "arc in" must be used. Reduce feed rate and/or use more radial passes. Adjusted Feed Rate (AFR) must be used. (See Thread Mill Feed and Speed Chart)

Thread milling tools form a thread using a motion referred to as "helical interpolation." This process involves the machine simultaneously moving all three axes. The resulting motions are circular and axial. The "X" and "Y" axes move in a circular manner and the "Z" axis in an axial direction per 360° at a distance equal to the pitch of the thread being machined. The tool should "ramp in" over 90° in order to avoid breakage. This must be a helical move. Move "Z" axially by  $\text{pitch} \div 4$  since  $90^\circ$  is  $360^\circ \div 4$ .

Bottom-to-top climb cutting machining is recommended when machining a right-hand thread. This will avoid re-cutting any chips. For left hand threading, a top-to-bottom machining with a right-hand helical tool is the preferred method. Refer to troubleshooting chart above for solutions to potential thread milling problems.